Name : Period .

|  |
| --- |
| Chapter 14: The Beginnings of Our Global Age: Europe, Africa, and Asia |
| Section 1: The Search for Spices |
| - |
| 1. Motivations for Exploring the Seas |
| - |
| KT) Moluccas: |
| - |
| 1. Portugal Sails East |
| - |
| KT) Prince Henry: |
| 1. Mapping the African Coast |
| - |
| - |
| KT) Cartographers: |
| - |
| 1. Seeking India |
| - |
| KT) Vasco da Gama |
| - |
| 1. Columbus Sails West |
| - |
| KT) Christopher Columbus: |
| 1. Reaching Faraway Lands |
| - |
| KT) Authority: |
| - |
| - |
| 1. Dividing the Globe in Half |
| - |
| KT) Line of Demarcation: |
| KT) Treaty of Tordesillas: |
| 1. Naming the Western Hemisphere |
| - |
| 1. The Search for a Direct Route Continues |
| - |
| - |
| KT) Ferdinand Magellan: |
| - |
| KT) Circumnavigate: |
| Section 2: Turbulent Centuries in Africa |
| - |
| 1. Portugal Gains Footholds |
| - |
| - |
| - |
| KT) Mombasa: |
| KT) Malindi: |
| - |
| 1. The African Slave Trade Explodes |
| - |
| - |
| 1. Europeans Enter the Slave Trade |
| - |
| KT) Plantations: |
| - |
| 1. African Leaders Resist |
| - |
| KT) Affonso I: |
| KT) Missionaries: |
| - |
| 1. New African States Arise |
| - |
| KT) Dominate: |
| 1. The Asante Kingdom |
| - |
| KT) Asante Kingdom: |
| KT) Osei Tutu |
| KT) Unified: |
| - |
| KT) Monopoly |
| 1. The Oyo Empire |
| - |
| KT) Oyo Empire: |
| 1. The European Presence Expands |
| - |
| - |
| KT) Cape Town: |
| KT) Boers: |
| - |

|  |
| --- |
| Section 3: European Footholds in South and Southeast Asia |
| - |
| 1. Portugal Builds and Eastern Empire |
| - |
| KT) Afonso de Albuquerque: |
| KT) Mughal Empire: |
| 1. A Rim of Trading Outposts |
| - |
| KT) Goa: |
| KT) Malacca: |
| - |
| KT) Outposts: |
| 1. A Limited Impact |
| - |
| 1. Rise of the Dutch |
| - |
| 1. Building a Mighty Sea Power |
| - |
| KT) Strategic: |
| 1. A Powerful Dutch Company |
| - |
| KT) Dutch East India Company: |
| KT) Soverign: |
| 1. Asserting Dutch Dominance |
| - |
| - |
| 3) Spain Seizes the Philippines |
| - |
| KT) Philippines: |
| - |
| - |
| 4) Mughal India and European Traders |
| - |
| A) A Center of Valuable Trade |
| - |
| B) A Great Empire Shatters |
| - |
| KT) Sepoys: |
| - |

|  |
| --- |
| Section 4: Encounters in East Asia |
| - |
| 1) European Contact With Ming China |
| - |
| A) The Ming Limit Trade |
| - |
| KT) Macao: |
| KT) Guangzhou: |
| KT) Imperial: |
| B) Seeking Converts |
| - |
| KT) Matteo Ricci: |
| 2) The Manchu Conquest |
| - |
| KT) Manchus |
| A) Founding the Qing Dynasty |
| - |
| KT) Qing: |
| - |
| KT) Qianlong: |
| B) Spreading Peace and Prosperity |
| - |
| C) Rejecting Contact With Europeans |
| - |
| KT) Lord Macartney: |
| - |
| - |
| 3) Korea Chooses Isolation |
| - |
| - |
| - |
| 4) Foreign Traders in Japan |
| - |
| - |
| KT) Allegiance: |
| - |
| KT) Nagasaki |
| - |