|  |
| --- |
|  Chapter 19: The Industrial Revolution Begins |
|  Section 1: Dawn of the Industrial Age  |
|  > |
|  > |
|  1) Life Changes as Industry Spreads |
|  > |
|  > |
|  > |
|  > |
|  KT) anesthetic: |
|  > |
|  2) Agriculture Spurs Industry  |
|  > |
|  A) Farming Methods Improve |
|  > |
|  > |
|  B) Enclosure Increases Output but Causes Migration  |
|  > |
|  KT) enclosure: |
|  > |
|  C) Population Multiples  |
|  > |
|  KT) statistics: |
|  > |
|  3) New Technology Becomes Key |
|  > |
|  A) An Energy Revolution  |
|  > |
|  KT) James Watt |
|  B) The Quality of Iron Improves |
|  > |
|  KT) smelt: |
|  > |
|  Section 2: Britain Leads the Way |
|  > |
|  1) Why Britain? |
|  > |
|  A) Natural Resources Abound  |
|  > |
|  B) The Effect of Demand and Capital  |
|  > |
|  > |
|  KT) capital: |
|  KT) enterprise: |
|  > |
|  KT) entrepreneurs: |
|  2) The Textile Industry Advances |
|  > |
|  KT) putting-out system  |
|  A) Inventions Speed Production |
|  > |
|  > |
|  KT) Eli Whitney: |
|  B) Factories Are Born in Britain |
|  > |
|  > |
|  3)The Transportation Revolution  |
|  > |
|  KT) turnpikes: |
|  A) Canals Boom |
|  > |
|  B) Welcome the Steam Locomotive  |
|  > |
|  KT) Liverpool: |
|  KT) Manchester: |
|  KT) decades: |
|  C) One Thing Leads to Another |
|  > |
|  Section 3: Social Impact of the Industrial Revolution |
|  > |
|  > |
|  1) People Move to New Industrial Cities  |
|  > |
|  KT) urbanization: |
|  > |
|  2) New Social Classes Emerge |
|  > |
|  > |
|  A) The Industrial Middle Class |
|  > |
|  > |
|  B) The Industrial Working Class |
|  > |
|  KT) tenements: |
|  KT) contaminated: |
|  C) Workers Stage Futile Protests |
|  > |
|  KT) labor unions: |
|  D) Workers Find Comfort in Religion  |
|  > |
|  KT) stressed: |
|  > |
|  3) Life in the Factories and Mines |
|  > |
|  A) Factory Workers Face Harsh Conditions |
|  > |
|  > |
|  > |
|  B) Miners Face Worse Conditions |
|  > |
|  C) Children Have Dangerous Jobs |
|  > |
|  > |
|  4) The Results of Industrialization  |
|  > |
|  > |
|  Section 4: New Ways of Thinking |
|  > |
|  KT) Thomas Malthus: |
|  > |
|  1) Laissez-Faire Economics |
|  > |
|  > |
|  A) Malthus Holds Bleak View |
|  > |
|  > |
|  B) Ricardo Shares View |
|  > |
|  > |
|  2) Utilitarian For Limited Government |
|  > |
|  KT) Jeremy Bentham: |
|  KT) utilitarianism: |
|  > |
|  > |
|  3) Socialist Thought Emerges |
|  > |
|  KT) socialism: |
|  KT) means of production: |
|  A) Are Utopians Dreamers? |
|  > |
|  KT) Robert Owen: |
|  B) Owen Establishes a Utopia |
|  > |
|  4) Karl Marx Calls for Worker Control |
|  > |
|  KT) Karl Marx: |
|  KT) formulated: |
|  > |
|  KT) communism: |
|  > |
|  KT) proletariat: |
|  > |
|  5) Marxism in the Future |
|  > |
|  A) Marxism Briefly Flourishes |
|  > |
|  KT) social democracy: |
|  B) Marxism Loses Appel |
|  > |