U.S. History Chapter 4 Study Guide

1. introduced to help fund the war in the North
2. Union strategy that aimed to cripple the South completely
3. system of enforced military service instituted in the North
4. nurse who started the American branch of the Red Cross
5. Confederate general who won the first major battle of the Civil War
6. mandated that African American soldiers be accepted into the military
7. Lincoln’s response to the increasingly difficult issue of slavery
8. bill that abolished slavery in the United States
9. a person who shot and killed President Lincoln
10. photographer who took pictures of Civil War battlefields
11. The agrarian South was at a disadvantage against the
12. Which of the following contributed to Lincoln’s decision to address the issue of slavery in the South?
13. Before the Emancipation Proclamation, enslaved African Americans who were captured by Union forces were often treated as
14. How did the Civil War affect industries in the North?
15. How did the North’s population differ from the South’s population?
16. What is one geographic advantage the South had over the North?
17. Why was the Civil War’s first large battle, the first Battle of Bull Run, so shocking?
18. What port on the Gulf of Mexico was captured by Union forces early in the war?
19. What did the United States Treasury create when the Legal Tender Act was passed in 1862?
20. What happened to the South’s economy during the Civil War?
21. What risk did a soldier face if he survived being wounded in a Civil War battle?
22. What profession grew substantially with women’s participation during the Civil War?
23. After the Battle of Gettysburg, the South
24. Vicksburg is located on which major river?
25. After 1863, what did General Grant want to do even if it meant thousands of Union soldiers were killed?
26. What did Union forces decide to attack in their effort to demoralize the South after 1863?
27. What event led to the fall of the Confederate capital, Richmond, Virginia?
28. Where did Lee finally surrender to Grant?
29. What effect did Lincoln’s ability to unify the bitterly divided North have on the outcome of the Civil War?
30. What is one advantage that helped the North to achieve victory in the Civil War?
31. Which side had a more difficult time rebuilding after the Civil War?
32. What impact did the Civil War have on the South’s African American population?
33. The capture of Vicksburg, Mississippi, by Union troops
34. What battle is considered to be the turning point in the Civil War?
35. Which of the following terms describes General Grant’s strategy for crushing the Confederacy after the Battle of Gettysburg?
36. Why did the Confederate army begin to falter and eventually lose the battle at Petersburg, Virginia?
37. How did the Civil War end?
38. Some abolitionists criticize Lincoln’s Emancipation Proclamation because
39. What did Lincoln want before he announced the Emancipation Proclamation?
40. Abolitionists influenced Lincoln’s decision to issue the Emancipation Proclamation by
41. After the Emancipation Proclamation, the Union army
42. African Americans in the South often helped Union forces by

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