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| Name: Period: |
| Chapter 10 The Progressive Era 1890-1920 |
| Section 1: The Drive for Reform |
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| 1. Origins of Progressivism |
| > |
| A. Progressives Share Common Beliefs |
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| B. Progressives Target a Variety of Problems |
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| Checkpoint: What Problems did Progressive reformers hope to solve? |
| 2. Muckrakers Reveal the Need for Reform |
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| KT muckrakers: |
| A. Journalists Uncover Injustices |
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| KT Lincoln Steffens: |
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| B. Novelists Defend the Downtrodden |
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| Checkpoint: What role did journalists and other writers play in the Progressive  Movement? |
| 3. Progressive Reform Society |
| > |
| A. The Social Gospel Guides Reform Efforts |
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| KT Social Gospel: |
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| B. Settlement House Workers Aid the Urban Poor |
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| KT Settlement house: |
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| KT Jane Addams: |
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| C. Protecting Children and Improving Education |
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| > |
| D. Progressive Help Industrial Workers |
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| Checkpoint: How did Progressive work to help the urban poor? |
| 4. Reforming Government |
| > |
| A. Reforms Improve City Government |
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| B. Progressive Reform Election Rules |
| > |
| KT direct primary: |
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| KT initiative: |
| KT referendum: |
| KT recall: |
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| C. Progressive Governors Take Charge |
| > |
| VB Dynamic: |
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| Checkpoint: How did Progressive reformers change local and state governments? |
| Section 2: Woman Make Progress |
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| 1. Progressive Women Expand Reformers |
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| > |
| A. Working woman face hardship |
| > |
| B. Reformers champion working woman’s rights |
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| KT Florence Kelly: |
| KT National Consumers League (NCL): |
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| C. Woman work for changes in family life |
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| KT Temperance Movement: |
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| KT Margaret Sanger: |
| > |
| KT Ida B. Wells (again): |
| Checkpoint: What steps did women take to win workers’ rights? |
| 2. Woman Fight for the Rights to Vote |
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| KT Suffrage: |
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| A. Catt takes charge of the movement |
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| KT Carrie Chapman Catt: |
| KT National American Woman Suffrage Association (NAWSA): |
| VB Strategy: |
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| B. Activists carry on the strupple |
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| KT Alice Paul: |
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| C. The Nineteenth Amendment becomes law |
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| KT Nineteenth Amendment |
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| Checkpoint: What tactics did Progressive women use to win the right to vote? |
| Section 3: The Struggle Against Discrimination |
| > |
| 1. Progressivism Presents Contradictions |
| > |
| A. Social reform or social control? |
| > |
| KT Americanization: |
| > |
| B. Racism limits the goals of progressivism |
| > |
| VB So-called: |
| > |
| Checkpoint: What attitudes did most Progressives hold about minorities and immigrant groups? |
| 2. African American Demand Reform |
| > |
| KT Booker T. Washington: |
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| KT W.E.B. Du Bois: |
| A. African Americans form the Niagara Movement |
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| KT Niagara Movement: |
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| B. Riots lead to the formation of the NAACP |
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| VB Acknowledge: |
| KT National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP): |
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| C. African American form the Urban League |
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| KT Urban League: |
| Checkpoint: Why did African Americans and other decide it was time to organize against discrimination? |
| 3. Reducing Prejudice and Protecting Rights |
| > |
| A. The Anti-Defamation League aids Jews |
| > |
| KT Anti-Defamation League: |
| B. Mexican Americans organize |
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| KT Mutualistas: |
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| C. Native Americans take action |
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| D. Asian Americans fight unfair laws |
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| Checkpoint: What strategies did other minority groups use to defend their rights? |
| Section 4: Roosevelt’s Square Deal |
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| 1. Roosevelt Shapes the Modern Presidency |
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| KT Theodore “Teddy” Roosevelt: |
| A. Roosevelt rises to the presidency |
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| VB Dominate: |
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| KT Square Deal: |
| Checkpoint: What did Roosevelt want his Square Deal program to achieve? |
| 2. Trust-busting and Regulating Industry |
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| A. Roosevelt takes on the Railroads |
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| KT Hepburn Act: |
| B. Roosevelt enforces the Sherman Antitrust Act |
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| C. Regulating food and drug industries |
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| KT Meat Inspection Act: |
| > |
| KT Pure Food and Drug Act: |
| Checkpoint: What impact did Roosevelt’s actions have on the government’s role in the economy? |
| 3. The Government Manages the Environment |
| > |
| KT John Muir: |
| A. Should national forests be conserved or preserved? |
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| VB Rational: |
| KT Gifford Pinchot: |
| B. Roosevelt changes water policy |
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| KT National Reclamation Act: |
| Checkpoint: How did Roosevelt’s policies affect the environment? |
| 4. Roosevelt and Taft Differ |
| > |
| A. Taft takes his own course |
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| B. Roosevelt strikes back |
| > |
| KT New Nationalism: |
| KT Progressive Party: |
| Checkpoint: How did William Howard Taft’s policies compare to Theodor Roosevelt? |
| Section 5: Wilson’s New Freedom |
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| 1. Wilson and the Democrats Prevail |
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| KT Woodrow Wilson: |
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| KT New Freedom: |
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| VB Intellectual: |
| Checkpoint: How did Republican divisions help Wilson win the presidency? |
| 2. Wilson Regulates the Economy |
| > |
| A. Congress lowers tariffs and raises taxes |
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| KT Sixteenth Amendment: |
| B. Federal Reserve Act |
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| KT Federal Reserve Act: |
| C. Wilson strengthens antitrust regulations |
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| KT Federal Trade Commission (FTC) Trade=work skills not stocks |
| KT Clayton Antitrust Act: |
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| D. Workers’ rights protected |
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| Checkpoint: What policies did Wilson pursue in support of his New Freedom program? |
| 3. Progressivism Leaves a Lasting Legacy |
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| Checkpoint: What was the long-term impact of the Progressive Era on American life? |