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| Name: Period: |
| Chapter 8 The South and West Transformed 1865-1900 |
| Section 1: The New South |
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|  1. Industries Grow |
|  > |
|  A. New industries spread through the South |
|  > |
|  > |
|  B. Railroads link cities and towns |
|  > |
| VB Component: |
|  > |
|  C. Southern economic recovery |
|  > |
|  > |
|  > |
| Checkpoint: What factors limited southern recovery? |
|  2. Southern Farmers Face Hard Times |
|  > |
| KT Cash Crop: |
|  A. Cotton dominates agriculture |
|  > |
|  > |
|  B. Farmers band together |
|  > |
| KT Farmers’ Alliance: |
| Checkpoint: |
| Checkpoint: Why did southern farmers face hard times? |
|  2. Black Southerners Gain and Lose |
|  > |
|  A. Political and economic gaines |
|  > |
|  > |
|  B. White backslash begins |
|  > |
|  > |
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| KT Civil Rights Act of 1875: |
| Checkpoint: How did southern blacks lose their rights? |
| Section 2: Westward Expansion and the American Indians |
|  > |
|  1. Cultures Under Pressure |
|  > |
|  A. Diverse cultures |
|  > |
|  > |
|  B. Threatened by advancing settlers |
|  > |
|  > |
| KT Reservations: |
|  > |
| Checkpoint: What three circumstances hurt Native Americans? |
|  2. New Settlers and Native Americans Clash |
|  > |
|  > |
|  A. Rebellion and tragedy on the plains |
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| KT The Sand Creek Massacre: |
|  > |
|  B. Peace plans fail |
|  > |
|  >  |
|  > |
| VB Adequate: |
|  > |
| Checkpoint: Why did tensions exist between settler and Indians? |
|  3. The End of the Indian Wars |
|  > |
|  A. Red River War |
|  > |
|  B. Battle of the Little Big Horn  |
|  > |
| KT Sitting Bull: |
|  > |
| KT Battle of the Little Big Horn: |
|  > |
|  C. Chief Joseph and the Nez Perce’s |
|  > |
|  > |
| KT Chief Joseph: |
|  D. Wounded Knee |
|  > |
|  > |
| Checkpoint: What rebellions ended major Indian resistance? |
|  4. The Government Promotes Assimilation |
|  > |
| KT Assimilate: |
|  A. Reformers criticize government policy |
|  > |
|  > |
|  B. Congress passes the Dawes Act |
|  > |
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| KT Dawes General Allotment Act (Dawes Severalty Act 1887): |
|  > |
| Checkpoint: How did the Dawes Act change the way Indians were treated? |
| Section 3: Transforming the West |
|  > |
|  1. Miners Hope to Strike It Rich |
|  > |
|  > |
| VB Administer: |
| KT Vigilantes: |
|  > |
|  A. Large companies make mining Big Business |
|  >  |
|  > |
| Checkpoint: What were the two major phases of mining? |
|  2. Railroaders Open the West |
|  > |
| KT Transcontinental Railroad: |
|  A. Building the transcontinental railroad |
|  > |
| KT Land Grant: |
|  > |
|  > |
|  B. Railroads intensify settlement |
|  > |
|  > |
| Checkpoint: How did the government encourage the development of a transcontinental railroad? 3. Ranchers Build the Cattle Kingdom |
|  > |
|  A. Vaqueros and Texas Longhorns |
|  > |
| KT Open-range System: |
|  B. Cowboys and cattle drivers |
|  > |
|  > |
|  C. The cow towns |
|  > |
|  D. The end of open-range ranching |
|  >  |
|  > |
| Checkpoint: How did the railroad affect the cattle industry? |
|  4. Farmers Settle on Homestead |
|  > |
|  A. Farmers move to the Plains |
|  > |
| KT Homestead Act: |
|  >  |
| KT Exodusters: |
|  > |
|  B. Challenges demand solutions |
|  > |
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|  > |
| Checkpoint: Why did farmers move to the Plains? |
|  5. Competition, Conflict, and Change |
|  > |
|  A. Economic rivalries |
|  > |
|  > |
| VB Usage: |
|  B. Prejudices and discrimination |
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|  C. Closing of the Frontier |
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| Checkpoint: What were some of the causes of prejudice and discrimination in the West? |